



## Pfullendorf at a glance.

### Bindhaus craft and local history museum (8)

The Bindhaus, built in 1499, served as a fruit store for the Spital\*. The cellar was used for barrel-making: here the cooper would bind barrels, and it is this that gives the building its name. The building was later converted into a dwelling house. In 1986 the museum association began to create the present-day museum. Open May to October every Saturday. Guided visits at any time on request.

### The Stadtsee (9)

Pause awhile on a bench beside this idyllic lake with its romantic island and silver-coloured fountain – the perfect spot to take a break from sightseeing and enjoy the splendid view of the historic old town.

### Activities / leisure facilities:

As well as a wide range of cultural events and sporting facilities, we particularly recommend the following options for your leisure time:

The **Seepark Linzgau (10)**, idyllically located on the western side of Pfullendorf, was created in 2001 for the first small garden show to be organised through the state of Baden-Württemberg's "Nature in Town and Country" programme. The

family-friendly park with its water adventure area, play-grounds, barbecue area, bathing lake, footpaths, water-ski area, the two craziest golf courses in Germany and different restaurants has established itself as a popular destination for old and young alike.

The **Waldfreibad (11)** is an outdoor swimming pool. Its extensive lawned surrounds make it the perfect place to relax and unwind and its delightful wooded setting charms all who visit it. Attractions: playground, diving platform and waterclimbing,

**Town tours:** May to October every Friday. Meeting point in front of the tourist-information (marketplace). Tours are free of charge. Guided tours can also be booked for groups at any time.

**Walking and cycling:** The area has an extensive and well-signed network of routes for cyclists and walkers. Maps are available at the tourist-information.

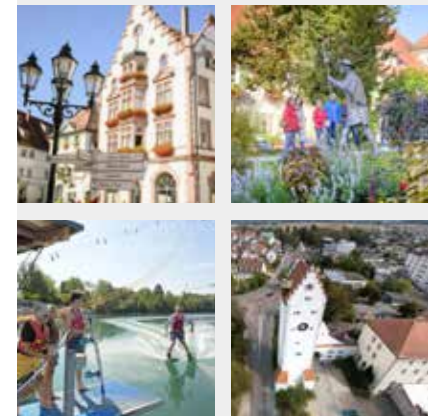
**The airfield:** Take off and see Pfullendorf, the Linzgau area and Lake Constance from the air. For information on sightseeing flights and vouchers for these visit [www.fsv-pfullendorf.de](http://www.fsv-pfullendorf.de)

### Contact:

Tourist-Information  
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[www.pfullendorf.de](http://www.pfullendorf.de)

For more information about opening hours, entrance fees and guided city tours please don't hesitate to contact us.

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[www.pfullendorf.de](http://www.pfullendorf.de)



### Pfullendorf in brief:

**Location:** In the Linzgau, on the Upper Swabian Baroque Route, the Deutsche Fachwerkstraße (exploring Germany's heritage of half-timbered buildings) and the Way of St. James.

**Elevation:** 602 – 741 m above sea level

**Includes the villages of:** Großstadelhofen, Zell-Schwäblishausen, Otterswang, Aach-Linz, Denkingen, Gaisweiler-Tautenbronn, Mottschieß

**Population:** approx. 13,500 (2022)

**Twinned with:**  
Allschwil (Switzerland) since 13 April 1984  
Saint-Jean-de-Braye (France) since 1 May 1987

### From the town's history:

7th/8th century An Alemannic settlement, the "village on the Pfoul" (Pfoul = moor) > Pfullendorf

2 June 1220 Elevated to the status of imperial city by Emperor Frederick II

1416 Pfullendorf sets out its rights in a guild constitution; the Council of Constance awards the town the right of higher judgment

1803 Pfullendorf becomes part of Baden

Until 1936 Administrative centre in the Upper Linzgau

1936 Pfullendorf becomes part of the district of Überlingen

Since 1973 Pfullendorf has been part of the district of Sigmaringen

2020 800th city anniversary

### Don't miss the following sights:

The **historic old town (1)** with its lovingly restored half-timbered houses and distinctive buildings is always worth seeing. Start your stroll at the Marktplatz, where you will find the Bürgerzentrum (community centre) and Tourist Information.

The **parish church of St. Jakobus (St. James) (3)** was built in 1480/81 by the master builder Hans Saphoi of Salem as a gothic

column basilica. In 1750 Meinrad von der Au, Martin Zürn, Felizan Hegenauer and others transformed it into a Baroque church. Johann Jakob Schwarzmann from Schnifis near Feldkirch completed the extraordinary stucco work in the choir at the age of only 21. Guided tours on request.

The **Rathaus (2)** or town hall, built in 1524 with a high pointed gable facing the Marktplatz, embodies the history of the town and the empire. The ground floor was previously a stone hall running the length of the building with wooden beams and a timber ceiling. The community centre, which still preserves traces of past times, is now housed here. Also worth visiting is the historic Rathaussaal or town hall chamber with its unique series of early Renaissance stained glass windows, created by Christoph Stimmer in 1524. All the glass, which contains coats of arms, is original.

The **Steinscheuer (4)** (1515) – a stone barn with stepped gothic gables originally built as a grain store for Pfullendorf's Heilig-Geist-Spital\*; it now houses the town library.

The **Altes Haus (5)** (Old House), built in 1317, is one of the oldest townhouses in Southern Germany. It is an Alemannic half-timbered building with a special horizontal wooden constructi-

on supporting the second floor and the enormous half-hipped roof. The beams run from all four sides towards the middle of the house, where a sand box maintains the equilibrium of the design. The museum of the town's history is now housed here. Open May to October every Saturday. Guided tours at any time upon request.

### "Alter Löwen" municipal gallery (6)

Permanent exhibition of work by Sigurd Lange; temporary special exhibitions. Only open during special exhibitions. For information call +49-7552-2511 32

The **Oberes Tor (7)** or Upper Town Gate – the town's distinctive landmark and the finest double gate in the Lake Constance region – has a 38 m-high observation tower (8x8 m square). Situated on the summit of the hill on which Pfullendorf lies, it is visible from the west from a great distance. Over the arch of the "foregate", between two pretty round turrets, is a crucifixion group (1505); below this is the coat of arms of an imperial city (black eagle with red beak and claws, on a gold ground) held by two "wild men".

\*Spital = a combination of hospital, orphanage and old people's home.



